1. Simplify the expression. Assume that all variables represent positive real numbers.

$$\theta^{-\frac{5}{4}}\theta^{-\frac{2}{5}}$$

- A. $\theta^{-\frac{1}{2}}$
- B. $\theta^{-\frac{73}{20}}$
- C. $\theta^{-\frac{3}{2}}$
- D. $\theta^{\frac{1}{2}}$
- E. $\theta^{-\frac{53}{20}}$
- F. $\theta^{-\frac{33}{20}}$
- G. $\theta^{-\frac{49}{20}}$
- H. $\theta^{-\frac{3}{10}}$
- 2. Represent each expression by using radical notation, and evaluate the expression.

$$16^{-\frac{3}{4}}$$

- A. $-\left(\sqrt[3]{16^2}\right)^4 = -1$
- B. $\frac{1}{(\sqrt[4]{16})^3} = 1$
- C. $\frac{1}{(\sqrt[4]{16})^3} = \frac{1}{64}$
- D. $\frac{1}{(\sqrt[4]{16})^3} = \frac{1}{8}$
- E. $\frac{1}{(\sqrt[4]{16})^3} = \frac{1}{27}$
- $F. \left(\sqrt[3]{16^2}\right)^4 = -8$
- G. $-\left(\sqrt[3]{16^2}\right)^4 = -64$
- $H. \left(\sqrt[3]{16^2}\right)^4 = -27$

3. Perform the indicated multiplication and simplify the product. Assume that the variables represent nonnegative real numbers, so that absolute value notation is not necessary.

$$7\zeta^{\frac{1}{2}}(4\zeta^{\frac{1}{2}} - 5)$$

- A. $28\zeta 35$
- B. $28(2\zeta)^{\frac{1}{2}} 35\zeta^{\frac{1}{2}}$
- C. $-7\zeta^{\frac{1}{2}}$
- D. $28\zeta^{\frac{1}{2}} 35$
- E. $28\zeta 35(\zeta)^{\frac{1}{2}}$
- F. $\frac{-7}{\zeta^{\frac{1}{2}}}$
- G. -7ζ
- H. $28\zeta^{\frac{1}{2}} 35\zeta$
- 4. Represent each expression by using radical notation, and evaluate the expression.

$$\left(\frac{8}{27}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}}$$

- A. $\sqrt{\left(\frac{8}{27}\right)^3} = \frac{4}{9}$
- B. $\sqrt[3]{\left(\frac{8}{27}\right)^2} = \frac{25}{36}$
- C. $\sqrt{\left(\frac{8}{27}\right)^3} = \frac{9}{16}$
- D. $\sqrt{\left(\frac{8}{27}\right)^3} = \frac{16}{25}$
- E. $\sqrt[3]{\left(\frac{8}{27}\right)^2} = \frac{9}{16}$
- F. $\sqrt[3]{\left(\frac{8}{27}\right)^2} = \frac{4}{9}$
- G. $\sqrt{\left(\frac{8}{27}\right)^3} = \frac{25}{4}$
- H. $\sqrt[3]{\left(\frac{8}{27}\right)^2} = \frac{16}{25}$

5. Represent the expression by using exponential notation, and evaluate each expression.

 $\sqrt[6]{0.000001}$

- A. $(0.000001)^{-\frac{1}{6}} = \frac{1}{10}$
- B. $(0.000001)^{-\frac{1}{7}} = -\frac{7}{30}$
- C. $(0.000001)^{-\frac{1}{6}} = -\frac{1}{2}$
- D. $(0.000001)^{\frac{1}{7}} = -\frac{7}{30}$
- E. $(0.000001)^{\frac{1}{7}} = -\frac{7}{10}$
- F. $(0.000001)^{\frac{1}{6}} = -\frac{1}{2}$
- G. $(0.000001)^{\frac{1}{6}} = \frac{1}{10}$
- H. $(0.000001)^{-\frac{1}{7}} = -\frac{7}{10}$
- 6. Represent each expression by using radical notation, and evaluate the expression.

 $1^{\frac{1}{5}}$

- A. $\frac{1}{\sqrt[5]{1}} = 1$
- B. $\sqrt[5]{1} = 1$
- C. $\frac{1}{\sqrt[6]{1}} = \frac{5}{3}$
- D. $\frac{1}{\sqrt[5]{1}} = 3$
- E. $\sqrt[5]{1} = 3$
- F. $\frac{1}{\sqrt[6]{1}} = \frac{5}{4}$
- G. $\sqrt[6]{1} = \frac{5}{3}$
- H. $\sqrt[6]{1} = \frac{5}{4}$

7. Simplify the expression. Assume that all variables represent positive real numbers.

$$\frac{\lambda^{-\frac{1}{4}}}{\lambda^{-\frac{3}{5}}}$$

- A. $\lambda^{-\frac{1}{10}}$
- B. $\lambda^{\frac{11}{10}}$
- C. $\lambda^{\frac{3}{20}}$
- D. $\lambda^{\frac{3}{20}}$
- E. $\lambda^{\frac{27}{20}}$
- F. $\lambda^{-\frac{17}{20}}$
- G. $\lambda^{\frac{7}{20}}$
- H. $\lambda^{-\frac{21}{20}}$
- 8. Represent each expression by using radical notation, and evaluate the expression.

$$(0.000001)^{-\frac{1}{6}}$$

- A. $\frac{1}{\sqrt[6]{0.000001}} = \frac{1}{10}$
- B. $\frac{1}{\sqrt[6]{0.000001}} = 10$
- C. $\frac{1}{\sqrt[7]{0.000001}} = \frac{1}{2}$
- D. $-\sqrt[6]{0.000001} = -\frac{1}{10}$
- E. $\frac{1}{\sqrt[7]{0.000001}} = 1$
- $F. -\sqrt[7]{0.000001} = -1$
- G. $-\sqrt[7]{0.000001} = -2$
- $H. \sqrt[6]{0.000001} = -10$