1. Perform polynomial long division to find the quotient and remainder.

$$
- 3 x ^ { 2 } - 4 x + 1 \longdiv { 1 5 x ^ { 3 } + 4 1 x ^ { 2 } + 2 3 x - 9 }
$$

A. The quotient is $-5 x-7$ and the remainder is -2 .
B. The quotient is $-5 x+7$ and the remainder is -10 .
C. The quotient is $-5 x+7$ and the remainder is -11 .
D. The quotient is $-5 x-7$ and the remainder is -10 .
E. The quotient is $-5 x-7$ and the remainder is -7 .
F. The quotient is $-5 x+7$ and the remainder is -2 .
G. The quotient is $-5 x+7$ and the remainder is -7 .

H . The quotient is $-5 x-7$ and the remainder is -11 .
2. Perform polynomial long division to find the quotient and remainder.

$$
- 3 x ^ { 2 } + 4 x + 9 \longdiv { 2 7 x ^ { 3 } - 3 9 x ^ { 2 } - 7 7 x + 1 1 }
$$

A. The quotient is $-9 x+1$ and the remainder is 2 .
B. The quotient is $-9 x-1$ and the remainder is 2 .
C. The quotient is $-9 x-1$ and the remainder is 10 .
D. The quotient is $-9 x+1$ and the remainder is -2 .
E. The quotient is $-9 x-1$ and the remainder is -3 .
F. The quotient is $-9 x-1$ and the remainder is -2 .
G. The quotient is $-9 x+1$ and the remainder is -3 .
H. The quotient is $-9 x+1$ and the remainder is 10 .
3. Perform polynomial long division to find the quotient and remainder.

$$
- 2 x + 2 \longdiv { - 2 x ^ { 2 } - 1 2 x + 1 9 }
$$

A. The quotient is $-1 x+7$ and the remainder is 14 .
B. The quotient is $-1 x+7$ and the remainder is -2 .
C. The quotient is $-1 x+7$ and the remainder is 9 .
D. The quotient is $1 x+7$ and the remainder is 11 .
E. The quotient is $-1 x+7$ and the remainder is 12 .
F. The quotient is $1 x+7$ and the remainder is 8 .
G. The quotient is $1 x+7$ and the remainder is 3 .

H . The quotient is $1 x+7$ and the remainder is 5 .
4. Perform polynomial long division to find the quotient and remainder.

$$
8 x - 3 \longdiv { 2 4 x ^ { 2 } + 3 1 x - 1 3 }
$$

A. The quotient is $3 x+5$ and the remainder is -1 .
B. The quotient is $-3 x+5$ and the remainder is 11 .
C. The quotient is $3 x+5$ and the remainder is 2 .
D. The quotient is $-3 x+5$ and the remainder is -6 .
E. The quotient is $3 x+5$ and the remainder is 1 .
F. The quotient is $3 x+5$ and the remainder is 8 .
G. The quotient is $-3 x+5$ and the remainder is 3 .
H. The quotient is $-3 x+5$ and the remainder is 1 .
5. Perform polynomial long division to find the quotient and remainder.

$$
- 9 x + 4 \longdiv { 4 5 x ^ { 2 } - 2 9 x - 2 }
$$

A. The quotient is $-5 x+1$ and the remainder is -13 .
B. The quotient is $5 x+1$ and the remainder is 13 .
C. The quotient is $5 x+1$ and the remainder is -14 .
D. The quotient is $5 x+1$ and the remainder is 1 .
E. The quotient is $-5 x+1$ and the remainder is -6 .
F. The quotient is $-5 x+1$ and the remainder is -4 .
G. The quotient is $5 x+1$ and the remainder is 0 .

H . The quotient is $-5 x+1$ and the remainder is -15 .
6. Perform polynomial long division to find the quotient and remainder.

$$
8 x + 4 \longdiv { - 2 4 x ^ { 3 } - 4 4 x ^ { 2 } - 5 6 x - 2 1 }
$$

A. The quotient is $-3 x^{2}-4 x-5$ and the remainder is -2 .
B. The quotient is $-3 x^{2}-4 x-5$ and the remainder is -4 .
C. The quotient is $-3 x^{2}+4 x-5$ and the remainder is -2 .
D. The quotient is $-3 x^{2}+4 x-5$ and the remainder is -1 .
E. The quotient is $-3 x^{2}-4 x-5$ and the remainder is -5 .
F. The quotient is $-3 x^{2}+4 x-5$ and the remainder is -4 .
G. The quotient is $-3 x^{2}+4 x-5$ and the remainder is -5 .
H. The quotient is $-3 x^{2}-4 x-5$ and the remainder is -1 .
7. Perform polynomial long division to find the quotient and remainder.

$$
- 5 x ^ { 2 } - x + 8 \longdiv { - 4 5 x ^ { 3 } - 2 4 x ^ { 2 } + 6 9 x + 2 0 }
$$

A. The quotient is $9 x-3$ and the remainder is -7 .
B. The quotient is $9 x+3$ and the remainder is -7 .
C. The quotient is $9 x-3$ and the remainder is -4 .
D. The quotient is $9 x+3$ and the remainder is -6 .
E. The quotient is $9 x-3$ and the remainder is -6 .
F. The quotient is $9 x+3$ and the remainder is -4 .
G. The quotient is $9 x-3$ and the remainder is -2 .
H. The quotient is $9 x+3$ and the remainder is -2 .
8. Perform polynomial long division to find the quotient and remainder.

$$
6 x ^ { 2 } + 4 x - 7 \longdiv { 1 2 x ^ { 3 } - 4 0 x ^ { 2 } - 4 6 x + 5 7 }
$$

A. The quotient is $2 x-8$ and the remainder is 1 .
B. The quotient is $2 x-8$ and the remainder is 2 .
C. The quotient is $2 x-8$ and the remainder is -4 .
D. The quotient is $2 x+8$ and the remainder is -4 .
E. The quotient is $2 x-8$ and the remainder is -5 .
F. The quotient is $2 x+8$ and the remainder is 1 .
G. The quotient is $2 x+8$ and the remainder is -5 .
H. The quotient is $2 x+8$ and the remainder is 2 .

